



LAST NOTICE

To the Taxpayers of Rockcastle County:—

Under the Acts of Revenue and Taxation as passed by the General Assembly, at its session for the year 1918, it is the duty of all persons to appear before the County Tax Commissioner and list their property. I, or one of my deputies will from the first day of July, 1918, until the 31st day of October, 1918, be at my office over the store of U. G. Baker, from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m., to receive your list, and any one failing to appear and list their property, will be reported, and upon their failure to list their property they are subject to a fine of not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars.

C. T. SIGMON,
Tax Commissioner of Rockcastle
County, Kentucky.

BRODHEAD

W. H. Barnes recently received a letter from Thos. Adams in Kansas, stating that his brother, Killis Adams, died there Christmas day. This letter was in an answer to an inquiry of Mr. Barnes to know the whereabouts of "Uncle Killis" as he was commonly called here. The funeral notice contained the following: Killis Emberson Adams died at the home of his brother, Thos. Adams, Tuesday, December 25, 1917, at 6:30 a. m., age 72 years, 8 months and 13 days. Funeral services were held at the home of his nephew, John Adams, December 26, 1917, at 2:30 p. m., conducted by Rev. R. S. Sergeant, Interment City cemetery.—Rev. John Elder was in town one day last week.—Miss Hallie Barnes returned home after spending a few days with relatives in Mt. Vernon.—Dr. Byron Owens is at home from Louisville for a few days stay with home folks.—Misses Orle and Ollie Ponder returned home last week from North Carolina, where they spent several weeks with relatives.—Mack Barnes was with his brother Hubert Barnes, in Pulaski, one day last week.—George F. Reynolds, of Corbin, was in town Saturday a few hours.—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sowder returned home Tuesday after spending several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ward, at Lebanon. They also visited in Louisville, Frankfort and other points, making the trip in their automobile.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Hiner Thomas, of Forest City, N. C., were here Sunday and Monday the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Carter and brother, Dr. W. F. Carter.—Mrs. Katie Owens, mother of J. M. Owens, of this place, is quite ill at her home in the Spiro section. J. M. Owens and his brother, George Owens, of Stanford, were with her during the week.—Mrs. Thos. Lamar returned to her home in Chicago, Wednesday, after spending three weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. F. Watson.—Mrs. J. D. Pike, of Lebanon Junction, was here Wednesday, the guest of her father, F. Francisco, and other relatives.—Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Pike, of Corbin, were with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. A. J. Pike, here this week.—F. L. N. Bowling is holding revival services at Rose Hill this week. He will preach at the Christian church here Sunday evening.—Ben Riddle left Wednesday night for Indianapolis, making the trip in his Studebaker. His brother-in-law, Mr. Price, accompanied him. He will leave the car there with his brother, Chas. Riddle, and return home by rail road.—Mrs. M. Pennington, of Mt. Vernon, met with the local Red Cross chapter here Wednesday to give them instructions in knitting.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY WHEAT AND SHEEP CAMPAIGN.

County Agent, Spence, assisted by the Magistrates and officers of Farmers Clubs of Rockcastle County will conduct a Wheat and Sheep Campaign, beginning September 17. The plan is to hold two meetings in each magisterial district at night.—These meetings to be located by the magistrates. The magistrate of each district will ride two days and nights with County Agent Spence and help him with the meetings and daily visits to farmers.

Government pledge books for wheat and the Red, White, and Blue cards will be at each meeting for the farmers to sign.

Every section of Rockcastle County will have a meeting held for the purpose of discussing Wheat, Sheep, and Kentucky Dog Law in September.

All farmers are asked to read the following article—Directions For Growing Wheat

Seed and Varieties.

The varieties of wheat generally grown in Kentucky are the best for this State. These are Fultz, a smooth, white chaff variety; Currell's Prolific, having a smooth head with red chaff; Full-caster, a bearded variety, Mediterranean, or Four-rowed Fultz, Poole and Harvest King.

If necessary to buy seed, one of these varieties should be chosen, and if possible the seed should be bought in the immediate locality. Home grown seed is just as good as Northern seed if reasonably clean and pure. No farmer can afford to buy enough high priced seed from a distance to plant his entire crop, and pay freight charges in addition, just to have absolutely pure seed. A moderate admixture of other varieties will not decrease the yield. The important thing is to have seed free from rye, cheat, and especially cockle and onions.

Seed wheat should be cleaned in order to remove light shrunk grains, dirt and other impurities. There is no advantage in screening out small grains if they are plump.

SMUT TREATMENT.

Stinking smut has caused widespread loss in Kentucky this year. It is practically impossible to buy seed that is entirely free from it. Consequently, not a bushel of wheat should be planted this fall without first treating it for smut. The formaldehyde treatment is easily given, is very effective and it has largely supplanted the blue-stone treatment. It is applied as follows: Spread the wheat out on a floor or clean canvas and sprinkle until thoroughly wet with a solution made by adding one pound of formaldehyde to a barrel (30 gallons) of water. Then shovel into a heap and cover with canvas or sacks for a few hours. Spread and dry sufficiently to sow.

FERTILIZING WHEAT.

No fertilizers should be used in the Central Bluegrass sections this fall. In the fertilizer tests conducted by the Experiment Station, a profitable increase has never been obtained on wheat, in the Central Bluegrass section, by the use of any kind of commercial fertilizer at sowing time.

Everywhere outside of the Bluegrass section a fertilizer which supplies phosphorus only should be used. No farmer can afford to use commercial nitrogen and potash at present prices, even if they give some increase which is entirely unlikely. Acid phosphate, steamed bone meal, or basic slag supply phosphorus. Two hundred pounds per acre of one of these should be used on every acre of wheat sown in the State this fall outside of the Bluegrass region.

The experiments of the Station on its soil fields in various areas of the State have shown remarkable increases from the

use of lime on all soils where phosphorus is needed. Ground limestone used in connection with phosphorus is certain to be profitable provided it can be obtained at a reasonable price.

PREPARATION OF THE SEED BED

Wheat grows best in a firm seed bed. Under no circumstances should the land be plowed when wheat follows corn, tobacco, cowpeas, soy beans or any cultivated crop. The best preparation is a light disking to cover trash and loosen up enough soil to cover the seed. After disking, a plank should be used to level the land. "If it is necessary to disk deeply to cover trash, as is sometimes true of corn land, a roller should be used to compact the seed bed."

When land is plowed, the plowing should be done as early as the removal of the preceding crop permits, in order that the seed bed may be gotten firm.

The later the plowing is done the greater the necessity for thorough working, especially rolling. With out any exception it pays to prepare a seed bed some time before sowing the seed if it can possibly be done.

TIME OF PLANTING.

Experiments have shown that October 1 to 10 is the safest time to plant wheat in Kentucky, everything considered. In southern parts of the State it is safer to wait until October 10 to 20 when there seems much danger of Hessian fly attacks. Late seeding is the only possible way of controlling this pest.

SEEDING WHEAT.

It pays to sow five to six pecks of seed per acre in Kentucky. The Station has proved this by repeated experiments. Except under the most favorable conditions, as when wheat is sown rather early on rich tobacco land, or on farrow land, 6 pecks

per acre pays better than five. Beware of seedsmen who advertise varieties of wheat which requires a seeding of only a peck or two per acre. There is absolutely no variety of wheat that gives as profitable yields at this rate as at 5 to 6 pecks per acre.

Probably the most satisfactory drill is the single disk type that puts the drill rows 7 or 8 inches apart. Experiments have shown no advantages in having the rows closer than this. The much advertised 4 inch drills give no better yields than the ordinary type, if indeed as good. Wheat should never be sown deeper than necessary to get the seed in moist soil and perfectly covered. Many poor stands of wheat are due to covering unnecessarily deep, and wide spaces between the drill rounds. Poor drilling frequently contributes considerably to low yield.

Robt. F. Spence,
County Agent,
Berea, Kentucky.

Aug. 10th, 1918.
H. B. E. Co. 334th Labor B. N.
Via New York, A. E. F.
Somewhere in France,
Mr. B. B. Purcell,

Dear Father and all:
Will endeavor to night to write you all a few lines to let you all know that I am well and well satisfied. Us white sergeants have a nice Y. M. C. A. building to live in. We are fixed lots better here than we were in the States, back at Camp Shelby, and have got the finest bunch of officers I ever saw. My Captain's name is Chambers and he is a dandy. Papa I don't want you all to worry one bit over me for I am not in any more danger here than I was at Camp Shelby, and we have a fine doctor with us all the time. So dad, everything is fine. This is a beautiful country. The people raise

You Can Lighten Their Load

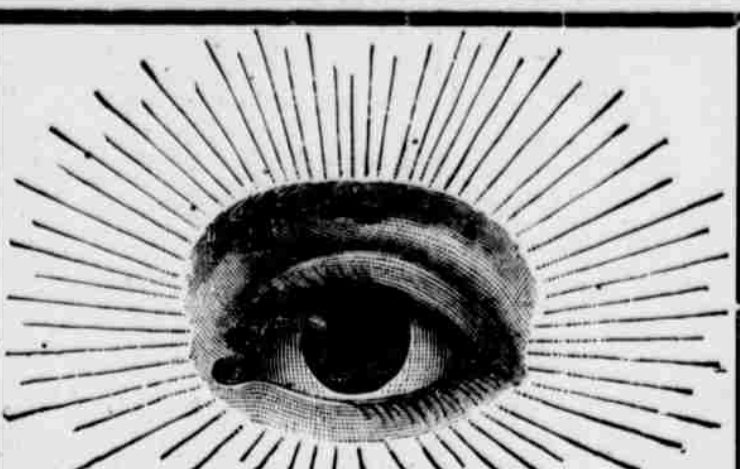


ON THE shoulders of these two men rests a life-size job. You know the job. You know the men—Marshal Ferdinand Foch, commander of the allied forces in Europe, and General John J. Pershing, American commander-in-chief. No American would willingly add any to the burdens these two have to bear. No American would permit these men to worry about food or clothing or recreation for their men—about ammunition for the guns, about getting enough guns, about getting enough men.

Every Liberty Bond bought in the United States is an insurance against burdening these two great leaders with any unnecessary worries. They have demonstrated that they can handle the actual fighting. America at home must demonstrate that it can furnish everything that the fighting men need—and what they need it.

Three Million Buttons Bought for Fourth Loan

Buying three million buttons is just one of the minor tasks which had to be taken care of before the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign by Ralph Waldo Emerson of the War Loan Organization at Washington. But on these trifles Emerson was able to save the government sixty-five thousand dollars in real money; a vast amount of celluloid, which contains gun cotton; an enormous quantity of white paper; hundreds of gallons of wood alcohol; and hundreds of hours of labor. The saving was brought about by the employment of a steel engraving process. The old buttons have always been made with celluloid and paper.



THE BYRNE OPTICAL SERVICE

Eyes Tested + Glasses Fitted
18 Years Experience. 12 Years in Central Kentucky

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN
SPECTACLES and EYEGLASSES

J. J. BYRNE
Optometrist + + + Optician

MT. VERNON, Ky., Sept. 24th to 28th
Office with DR. WALTERS
OVER U. G. BAKER'S STORE

I employ no Agents

lots of wheat and vegetables but they haven't farming tools like we have, and believe me, the women believe in working. Well, I guess I have written enough for this time. I will write again in a few days. So answer at once and tell me all the news. As ever a loving son,
BEN PURCELL.

WITHERS

Mrs. Sarah Spoonamore has returned home after a weeks visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Green Gabbard.—Miss Fannie Allen has returned home after a few days visit to her cousin, Mrs. Joe Johnson.—Mrs. Linville Allen is on the sick list.—Mary, the little daughter of Dick Barnett was bitten three times by a copper head snake a few days ago.—Mr. J. C. Allen went to London Sunday to bring his son, Arch, home who had been in the hospital there for a few weeks and while there was run over by an automobile and considerably bruised up.—Miss Dora Mullins and Mrs. Wade Ballard, of Covington, are with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Mullins this week.—W. G. Mullins, wife, and two daughters, spent from Saturday until Monday with the families of Mrs. Mattie Mullins and J. H. Mullins.—Misses Bitha Daugherty and Delia Griffin, of Cooksburg, were the guests of Miss Lillie Mullins a short time Sunday.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Roberts, Mrs. Louisa Allen and son, Jones, Guy Black and Forrester Mullins attended church in Jackson county

Sunday.—Mrs. J. M. Roberts and daughter, Miss Ollie, of Cooksburg, were guests of Mrs. Sarah A. Mullins and daughter, Lillie, Sunday.—Ben Mullins and sisters, Misses Ada and Maggie were in London last Thursday.—J. H. Mullins was in Mt. Vernon last Thursday.—Ben Mullins is in the western part of the county this week.—A Mr. Brandenburg, of Owsley County, representing the Louisville Tin & Stove Company, was with the merchants here last week.—J. H. Roberts was in London buying groceries last Thursday.—Estill Mullins was in Livingston Friday.—Mrs. Joel English, of Cruise, spent Monday with Mrs. Green Gabbard.—Sorghum making has begun in this part, but it seems a little early.

FOR SALE.—My farm of 132 acres near Ottawa, Ky. This farm is in a good state of cultivation being all in grass except what is in corn this year. The improvements consist of one good five room cottage, two good barns and all necessary out buildings. Will sell cheap as I am compelled to quit farming because my boys are in the service.
JAS. H. BARNETT,
Sept. 13—4t.

DIARRHOEA IN CHILDREN

For diarrhoea in children one year old or older you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, followed by a dose of castor oil. It should be kept at hand and given as soon as the first unnatural looseness of the bowels appears.

IF YOU EXPECT TO BUY A Cook Stove — OR A — Range

Before the War Is Over—Buy It Now

We can save you from \$5 to \$15 on your purchase of a cook stove or a range. When our present stock is gone, your opportunity to save is gone too—buy now.

JOHN ROBINS
BRODHEAD

DR. M. K. PENNINGTON
DENTIST
WILL BE IN
BRODHEAD
SEPT. 16
For 10 Days or 2 Weeks
Office with W. F. CARTER
If you need Dental Work see him during that time